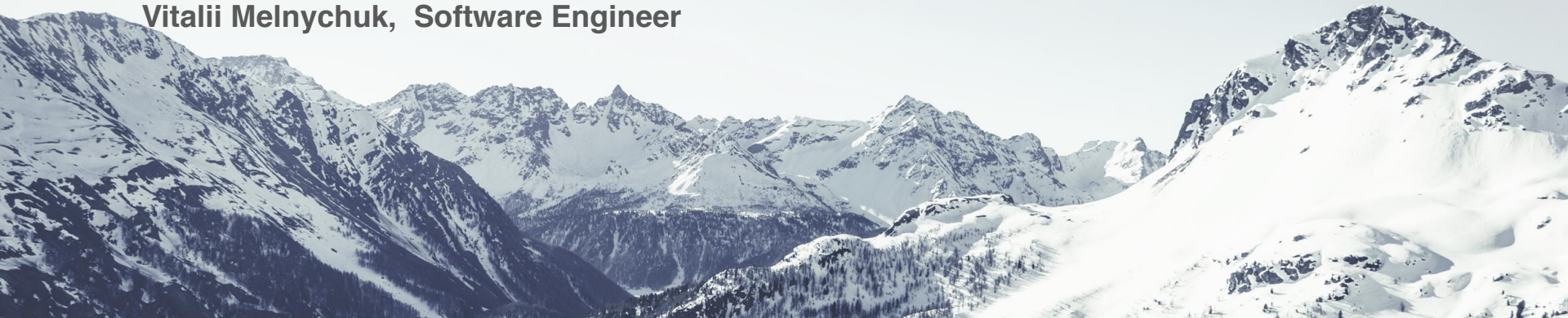




Search query assistance: Autosuggestion

Vitalii Melnychuk, Software Engineer





Intro

10 members

50 servers

6 TB of data

Mysql

Elasticsearch

NODEJS

Docker

AWS

Terraform

Kibana

Jenkins

Grafana



Highload Project - highload solution

1

Highload begins when one physical server becomes unable to handle data processing.

3

Your project is highload if it processes 100+ dynamic requests per second.

2

If a single instance serves 10,000 connections simultaneously - it's highload.

4

Usage of Lambda Architecture and Kafka makes the system highload.



Understanding the problem

Expectations?

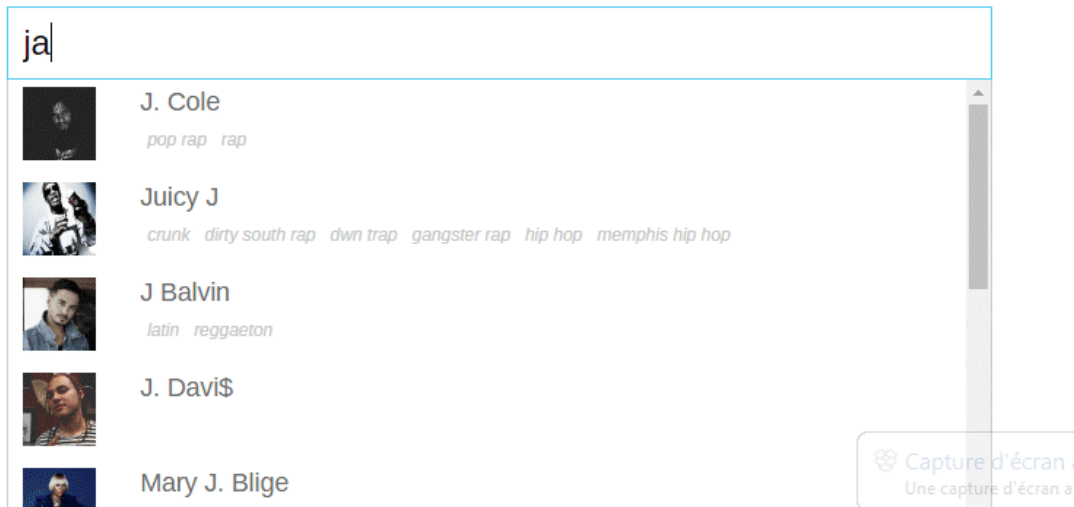
```
SELECT sf_fact_component_shipments.asset_id,
sf_fact_component_shipments.component_type,
sf_fact_component_shipments.size
FROM sf_fact_component_shipments AS sf_fact_component_shipments
INNER JOIN sf_asset ON sf_fact_component_shipments.asset_id = sf_asset.asset_id
INNER JOIN sf_product ON sf_fact_component_shipments.component_id = sf_product.component_id
CROSS JOIN (SELECT DISTINCT replace(to_char(date_trunc('month',
date_pk)::date, 'YYYYMM'), 'MM', '01')
FROM sf_fact_component_shipments)
```

How Fast Should A Website Load?

QUOTE: “I wouldn’t worry about it too much. Make it as fast as you reasonably can.” Gary Illyes, Google 2016

| Industry | United State | United Kingdom | Germany | Japan |
|-------------------------------|--------------|----------------|---------|---------|
| Automotive | 2 sec | 2.3 sec | 2.2 sec | 1.8 sec |
| Business & Industrial Markets | 2.7 sec | 2.0 sec | 2.2 sec | 1.9 sec |
| Classifieds & Local | 2.2 sec | 2.2 sec | 2.2 sec | 1.8 sec |
| Finance | 2.4 sec | 2.1 sec | 2.7 sec | 1.5 sec |
| Media & Entertainment | 1.8 sec | 2.5 sec | 2.2 sec | 1.8 sec |
| Retail | 1.9 sec | 1.9 sec | 2.3 sec | 1.7 sec |
| Technology | 2.1 sec | 2.1 sec | 2.8 sec | 1.6 sec |
| Travel | 2.2 sec | 2.4 sec | 2.7 sec | 1.6 sec |

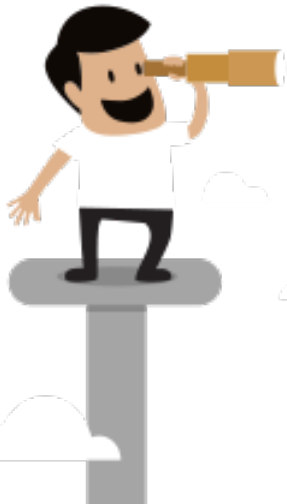
What we have to build?





Solutions analysis

- Frontend side filter
- Mysql `LIKE` search
- Elasticsearch Completion Suggester
- Own Data structures

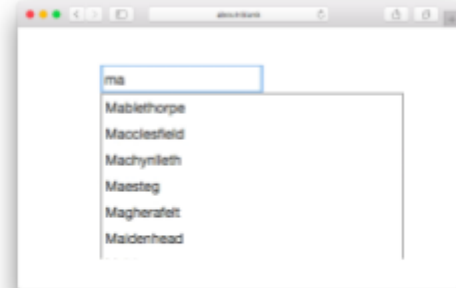




Data



Code



Front end



manag...



| name | order |
|----------------------|-------|
| management analyst | 37 |
| manager | 5 |
| management assistant | 35 |
| ... | ... |



Elasticsearch |



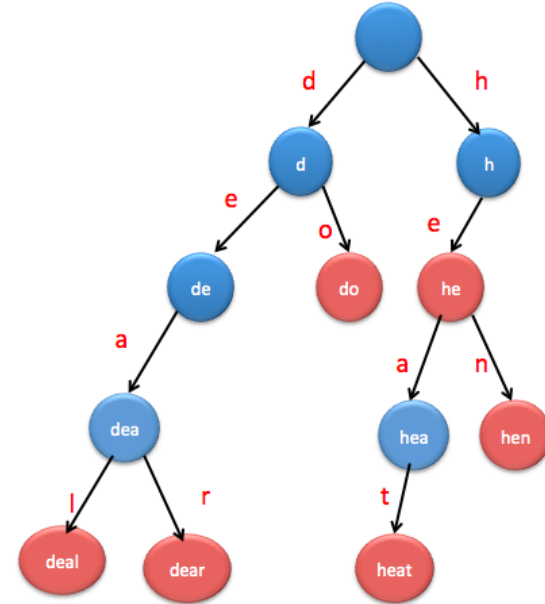
Elasticsearch autocompletes terms

Elasticsearch performs fuzzy searches

Elasticsearch is pretty awesome

Trie Structure

1. With Trie, we can insert and find strings in $O(L)$ time where L represent the length of a single word.
2. We can easily print all words in alphabetical order which is not easily possible with hashing.
3. We can efficiently do prefix search with Trie.





Performance platform

- 100 threads
- 50 req/sec
- 50 000 samples
- c3.large

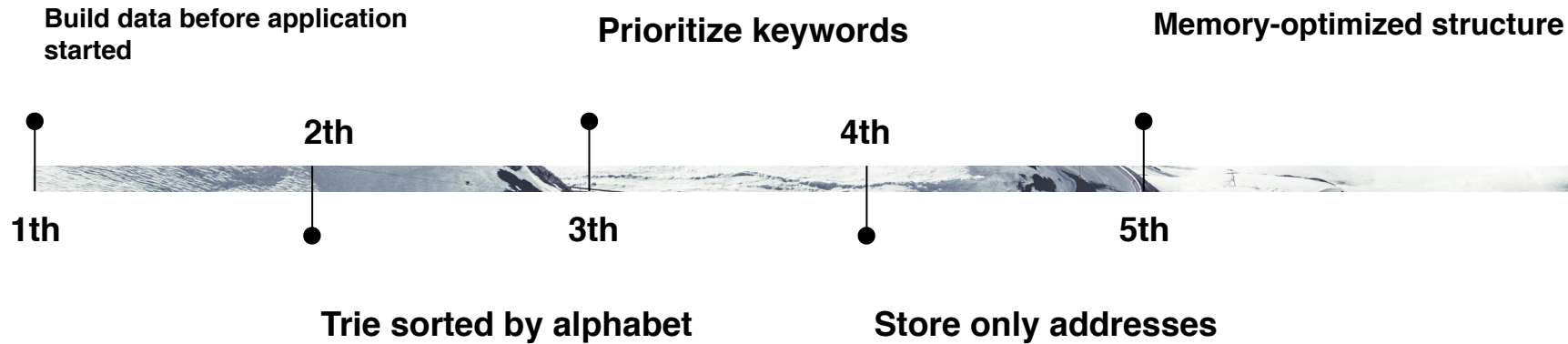


Performance tests

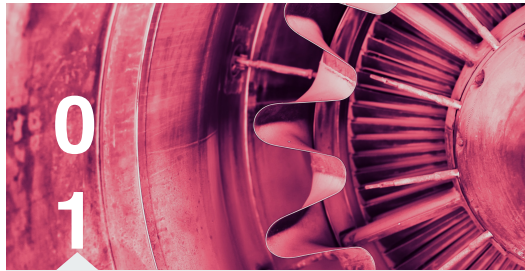
| | Mysql | Elasticsearch | In-memory |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Average response | 100ms | 130ms | 10ms |
| Throughput | ~650 req/sec | 500 req/sec | ~1100 req/sec |
| Errors % | 2% | 5% | 0% |



Vision



Process



Download all keywords



Respond by using in-memory trie structure

Disadvantages:

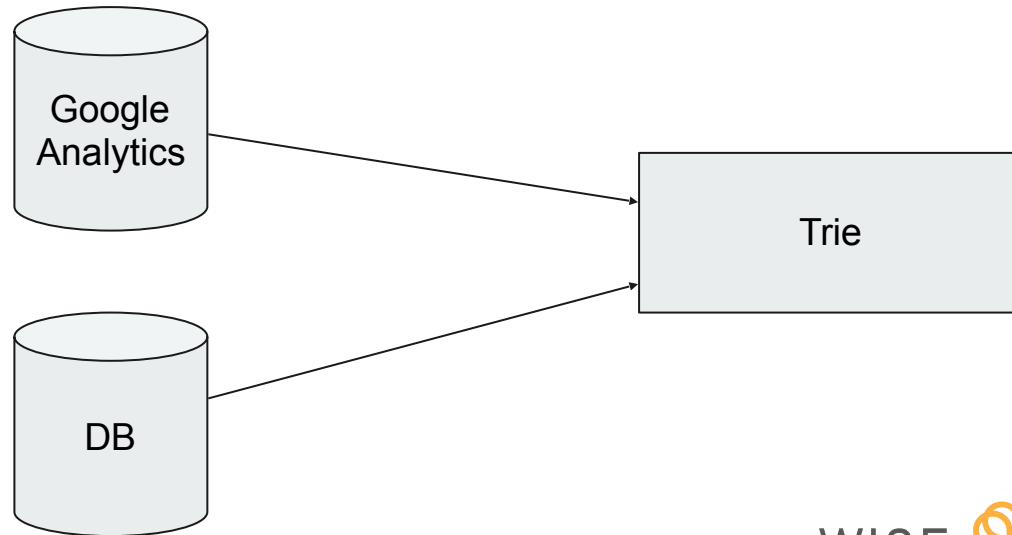
- Self-managed solution
- Cannot analyze full text
- Complicated in implementation

- Scalable and high-load search engine
- response time

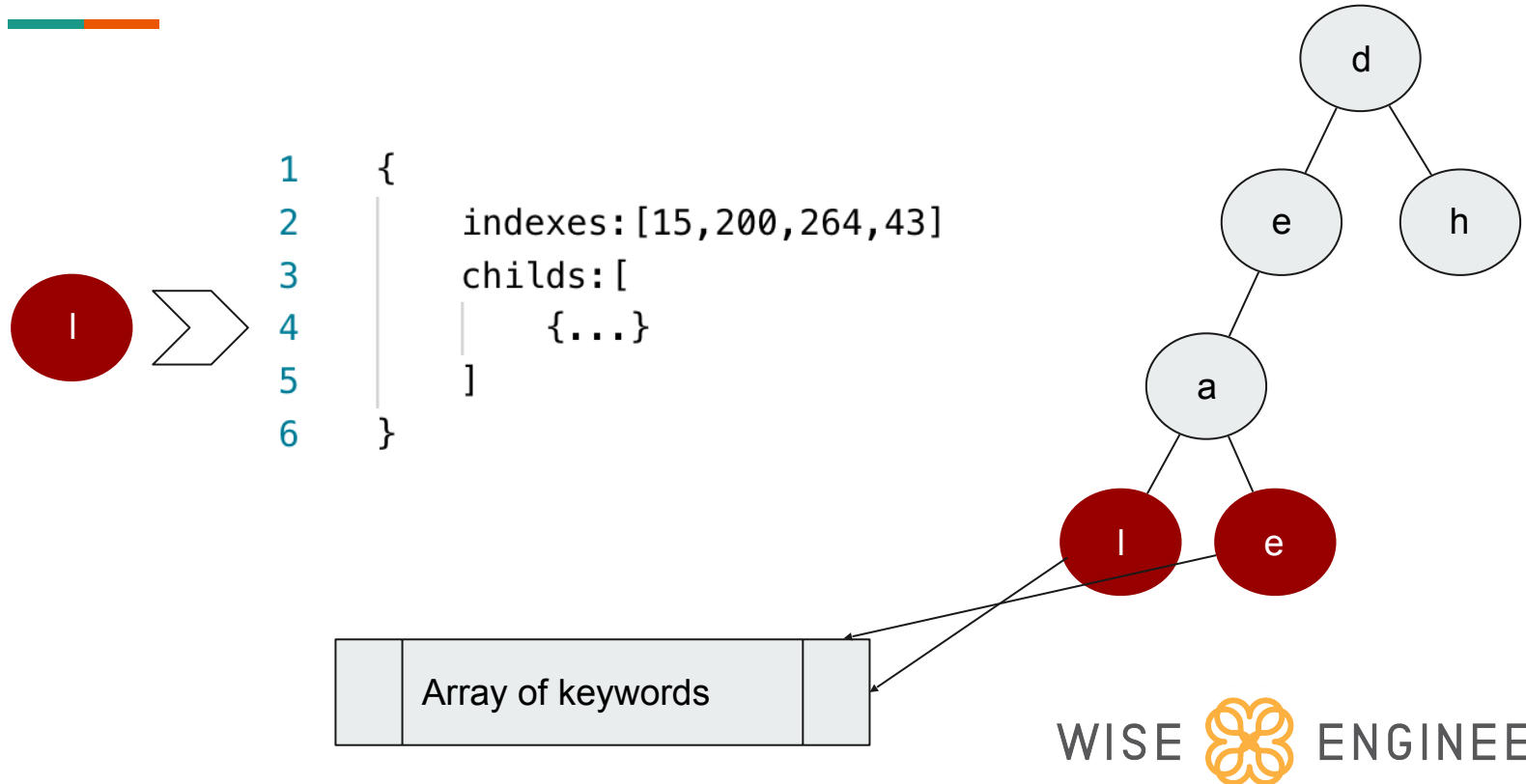
: Advantages

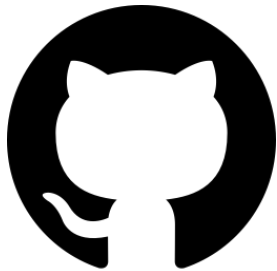


Not alphabetical search



Make some modifications





<https://github.com/melnychukvitaliy/trie>



Proposed solution

You can save time in the place that doesn't affect user experience and respond quickly.



Results

50K

Keywords in our mysql
databases sorted by priority

25mb

Memory used in order to
build trie structure

<10ms

Response



Thank you



Questions?